International Journal of Applied and Natural Sciences (IJANS) ISSN(P): 2319-4014; ISSN(E): 2319-4022 Vol. 5, Issue 2, Feb Mar 2016; 1-8 © IASET



## PHASE CONTROLLING IN THE SYNTHESIS OF TIO<sub>2</sub> NANOSTRUCTURES BY LITTLE VARIATION OF REACTION CONDITIONS

## DEBASISH AICH<sup>1</sup>, AMIT KUMAR BHUNIA<sup>2</sup>, SATYAJIT SAHA<sup>3</sup> & TAPANENDU KAMILYA<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Physics, Kharagpur College, Paschim Medinipur, India

<sup>1,2,3</sup>Department of Physics & Techno physics, Vidyasagar University, Paschim Medinipur, India

<sup>2</sup>Department of Physics, Government General Degree College at Gopiballabpur-II, Beliaberh, Paschim Medinipur, India

<sup>4</sup>Department of Physics, Narajole Raj College, Paschim Medinipur, India

## **ABSTRACT**

We have reported here, the formation of spherical shaped anatase (5-20 nm) and flower like rutile (100nm-400nm)  $TiO_2$  nanostructure by hydrolysis of  $TiCl_3$  in semi-aqueous reaction medium and drying and calcination of obtained sol. Two different structures have been obtained by little variation of reaction conditions namely usine and not using  $H_2O_2$ . Structure and size of synthesized particles have been characterized by XRD, TEM. Optical properties have been studied by absorption spectra.

**KEYWORDS:** Anatase andrutile TiO<sub>2</sub> Nanoparticles, Calcination, TiO<sub>6</sub> Octahedron